

## Border Conflict in the Sudan

**Thesis Statement:** Despite the fact that the Sudan and the South Sudan signed a "Cease-Fire Agreement" on January 23, 2014 to find a "broader political solution" to the conflict, there continues to be fighting due to the Sudan's discontent with South Sudan's secession, and the Sudan's unwillingness to find a diplomatic solution to the rebels fighting against the control of the Sudan.



This is a map of the territorial boundaries of the Sudan and the South Sudan.



This is a picture showing the poverty situation going on in South Sudan

- Because the South Sudan is spending money on trying to cease the conflict, many innocent people have lost their homes and lives

- The Sudan's former VP (vice president) had recently signed a peace treaty to prevent any further fighting
- South Sudan's director of delegations, Nhial Deng Nhial said, "We promise total cooperation in the monitoring and verification mechanism that we urge the special envoys to quickly set in motion."
- The rebels and government officials are saying that the fighting has continued to do the fact that the Sudan is still not stopping
- The UN is discussing what to do about the conflict and especially the fact that the Sudan has broken the recently signed treaty to end the conflict

- The conflict is not the only issue in the Sudan
- The toll the war has taken on the Sudan is very serious, putting many civilians on the street



This shows what effect the conflict is having on civilians in the Sudan